## CITY OF WALTON, KENTUCKY SUMMARY OF ORDINANCE NO. 2017-01

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF WALTON, KENTUCKY, CREATING CHAPTER 92A OF THE WALTON CODE OF ORDINANCES PROHIBITING PUBLIC NUISANCES AS DEFINED THEREIN, PROVIDING FOR THE ABATEMENT THEREOF, PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR THE VIOLATION THEREOF AND REPEALING CHAPTER 92 OF THE WALTON CODE OF ORDINANCES AND VARIOUS ORDINANCES SET FORTH THEREIN.

The Ordinance creates a new Section 92A of the Walton Code of Ordinances, establishing a Nuisance Code by describing and prohibiting nuisances, and providing for the abatement thereof, as authorized under KRS 65.8801 to KRS 65.8840. The Ordinance adopts by reference the 2015 International Property Maintenance Code and amendments thereto. The Ordinance will be enforced by the City of Walton Code Enforcement Board or the Union/Walton Joint Code Enforcement Board. Monetary civil penalties for violations of the Ordinance are set forth in Section 12 of Ordinance 2016-10, which is amended by this Ordinance, and set forth in full as follows:

### SECTION 12. Ordinance fine schedule.

Violations of ordinances that are enforced by the city Code Enforcement Board shall be subject to the following schedule of civil fines:

(a) If a Citation for a violation of an ordinance is not contested by the person charged with the violation, the penalties set forth in this subsection shall apply:

<u>Violation</u>	1st Offense	2 <sup>nd</sup> Offense	All Others Additional Offenses
	(within a twelve-month period)		
Animals	\$25.00	\$50.00	\$100.00
Building and			
Construction Code	\$100.00	\$125.00	<del>\$150.00</del>
Garbage	\$10.00	\$25.00	<del>\$50.00</del>
Weeds and tall grass	\$10.00	\$25.00	<del>\$50.00</del>

(b) If the Citation is contested and a hearing before the Code Enforcement Board is required, the Board, in its discretion, may impose a penalty up to the following maximum amounts:

<u>Violation</u>	1st Offense	2 <sup>nd</sup> Offense	All Others Additional Offenses
•		(within a twelve	-month period)
Animals-	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$300.00 <u>\$500.00</u>
Building and			
Construction Code	<del>\$500.00</del>	\$750.00	<del>\$1000.00</del>
Garbage	\$75.00	\$150.00	<del>\$250.00</del>

(c) Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served in accordance with the terms of this Ordinance may be deemed a separate offense.

The following Walton Ordinances are repealed: Ordinance 1984-29; Ordinance 1994-16; Ordinance 2001-07; Ordinance 2002-07; and Ordinance 2013-02. Chapter 92 of the Walton Code of Ordinances is repealed in its entirety

The foregoing provisions are intended to be a Summary of Ordinance 2017-01 establishing a Nuisance Code within the City of Walton, and reference is hereby made to the full text of the Ordinance for a full and complete statement of its contents. The full text of the Ordinance is available for public inspection during regular City of Walton business hours in the office of the City Clerk, 40 North Main Street, Walton, Kentucky.

#### CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned City Clerk of the City of Walton, Kentucky, hereby certify that the foregoing Summary of Ordinance 2017-01 of the City of Walton, Kentucky, was approved by the City Council on first reading on February 13, 2017, and on second reading on March 13, 2017.

WITNESS my hand this March 13, 2017.

\_\_\_\_\_\_/s/ Joyce Bryan
Joyce Bryan
City Clerk, City of Walton, Kentucky

#### PREPARATION CERTIFICATE

The undersigned Attorney at Law, licensed to practice in Kentucky, hereby certifies that the foregoing Summary of Ordinance 2017-01 of the City of Walton, Kentucky, was prepared by the undersigned and constitutes a general summary of certain essential provisions of the Ordinance. Reference to the full text of Ordinance 2017-01 is hereby made for a complete statement of its provisions and terms.

/s/ Timothy M. Noyes
Timothy M. Noyes
Walton City Attorney
P.O. Box 95
Walton, KY 41094

# CITY OF WALTON, KENTUCKY ORDINANCE NO. 2017-01

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF WALTON, KENTUCKY, CREATING CHAPTER 92A OF THE WALTON CODE OF ORDINANCES PROHIBITING PUBLIC NUISANCES AS DEFINED THEREIN, PROVIDING FOR THE ABATEMENT THEREOF, PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR THE VIOLATION THEREOF AND REPEALING CHAPTER 92 OF THE WALTON CODE OF ORDINANCES AND VARIOUS ORDINANCES SET FORTH THEREIN.

WHEREAS, KRS 65.8801 to KRS 65.8840 provides authority for a local government to protect, promote, and improve the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens residing within the local government of this state by authorizing the creation of administrative boards with the authority to issue remedial orders, secure search warrants, and impose civil fines in order to provide an equitable, expeditious, effective, and inexpensive method of ensuring compliance with the ordinances in force in local governments; and,

WHEREAS, the City of Walton, Kentucky has determined that nuisances exist on property in the city for which the property maintenance code may not otherwise apply, and are substantially annoying, injuring, or endangering the public and interfering with the use and enjoyment of public and private property; and,

WHEREAS, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be set forth and incorporated into the Union, Kentucky Code of Ordinances as Section 92A;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Walton, Kentucky, as follows:

## **SECTION ONE**

- 92A.01 Purpose—The City of Walton, Kentucky Nuisance Code (hereinafter "Code") is designed to protect the public health, safety, and welfare by establishing, pursuant to KRS 65.8801 to KRS 65.8840, the criteria for a nuisance on residential and non-residential properties with and without structures, and prohibiting public nuisances that substantially annoy, injure, or endanger the public or unlawfully or substantially interfere with the use and enjoyment of private or public property, and fixing the responsibilities of owners, operators, and occupants of all residential and non-residential structures, and premises. Enforcement shall be on a complaint driven basis.
- 92A.03 Intent This Code shall be construed liberally and justly to insure public health, safety, and welfare insofar as the public is affected by the continued use and maintenance of structures and premises in violation of this ordinance. However, the provisions of this Code shall not be construed to prevent the enforcement of other applicable ordinances or regulations. The provisions of KRS 65.8801 to 65.8839 shall apply to the processes and procedures for enforcement of this Code.
- 92A.04 Application of Other Codes Any repairs, alterations, or changes to a structure, which are caused directly or indirectly by the enforcement of this Code, shall be done in accordance with the procedures and provisions of any other existing codes used and enforced by the City, including but not limited to the 2015 International Property Maintenance Code, the Kentucky Building Code, including all references codes therein, and the Kentucky Standards of Safety. The provisions of the 2015 International Property Maintenance Code, and amendments thereto, are hereby adopted and incorporated herein as if

fully set forth herein.

- 92A.05 Conflict with Other Ordinances or Regulations In any case where a provision of this Code is found to be in conflict with any existing code, ordinance, or regulation of the City, the provision that establishes the highest standard shall apply, so long as the penalty for violation of that provision is civil in nature. If the penalty of the provision establishing the highest standard is not civil in nature, then this Code shall be the prevailing authority, with the exception of the Kentucky Building Code, and all Codes referenced therein including the Fire Prevention Code, Life Safety Code, the National Electrical Code, and the Kentucky Standards of Safety which shall control over conflicting City ordinances.
- 92A.06 Severability The provisions of this ordinance are severable; and the invalidity of any provision of this ordinance shall not affect the validity of any other provision thereof; and such other provisions shall remain in full force and effect as long as they remain valid in the absence of those provisions determined to be invalid.
- 92A.07 Remedies The provisions of this Code shall not be construed to abolish or impair existing or other remedies of the City or its officers or agencies relating to the removal or demolition of any buildings that are dangerous, unsafe, or unsanitary.
- 92A.08 Workmanship All repairs, maintenance, alterations, or installations that are required for compliance with this Code shall be executed and installed in a workmanlike manner.

## 92A.10 DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Code, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning of the word being defined:

ABANDON - To give up or relinquish one's interest or right in property.

ABATEMENT COSTS - means a city's necessary and reasonable costs for and associated with clearing, preventing unauthorized entry to, or demolishing all or a portion of a structure or premises, or taking any other action with regard to a structure or premises necessary to remedy a violation and to maintain and preserve the public health, safety and welfare in accordance with any city ordinance.

ANYBODY - The word "anybody" means any human being, or any organization or combination thereof, in the form of a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, unincorporated association or otherwise.

ALTER or ALTERATION - Any change or modification in the construction or occupancy of a building or structure.

AEROSOL PAINT CONTAINER - Any aerosol container, regardless of the material from which it is made, that is adopted or made for the purpose of spraying paint capable of defacing property.

APPROVED -Approved by the Chairman of the Walton Code Enforcement Board or Union/Walton Joint Code Enforcement Board, or any of his or her assistants, staff, employees, or assigns.

ALL TERRAIN VEHICLE - Shall have the same meaning provided therefore in KRS 189.010, which is a motor vehicle is used for recreational off-road use.

AUTOMOBILE COLLECTOR – A person who collects and restores motor vehicles.

BANNER SIGN-The words "banner sign" mean any commercial sign composed of any pliable plastic or cloth, without a rigid supporting frame.

BASEMENT - A portion of a building or structure located partly underground, but having less than one-half of its clear floor-to-ceiling height below the average grade of the adjoining ground.

BUILDING - Any structure, constructed on, below, or above ground, for the support, shelter, or enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or property of any kind. The term "building" shall be construed as if followed by the words, "or any part thereof."

BUILDING CODE - The Kentucky Building Code, as adopted by the City in §150.15 of the Walton Code of Ordinances.

CART - Any cart, wagon, or similar device, regardless of means of propulsion, made of wire, metal, wood or other material, such as is generally provided by merchants for carting or carrying merchandise or food stuffs from said merchants' store or buildings to automobiles or other places without said merchants' building or store.

CITY - The City of Walton, Kentucky, including any departments, divisions, boards, or agencies thereof.

CODE ENFORCEMENT BOARD - means the Walton Code Enforcement Board or the Union/Walton Joint Code Enforcement Board.

CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER –as defined in KRS 65.8801 et. seq. charged with the enforcement of this Code as a code enforcement/citation officer, exclusive of clerical and administrative staff, as well as the City Administrative Officer, police and fire safety officers.

CONTROL – The word "control" means to exercise restraint or direction over.

DELIVER – The word "deliver" means and includes any manner of delivery that conforms to the federal and state constitutional requirements for procedural due process.

DISORDERLY MANNER - Any manner that unreasonably causes inconvenience, annoyance or alarm to any member of the public or anybody using any other lot or parcel of real estate within or outside of the city, or wantonly creates a risk thereof.

DWELLING - Any building that is wholly or partly used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking, and eating by human occupants, whether or not such building is occupied or vacant, provided that temporary housing as hereinafter defined shall not be regarded as a dwelling. The term "dwelling" shall be construed as if followed by the words, "or any part thereof."

DWELLING UNIT - Any room or group of rooms located within a dwelling and forming a single habitable unit with facilities that are used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking, and eating, whether or not such unit is occupied or vacant. The term "dwelling unit" shall be construed as if followed by the words, "or any part thereof."

ELECTRICAL CODE - The Kentucky Building Code, as adopted by the county in §150.01 of the County Code of Ordinances.

EVERYBODY –The word "everybody" means every human being and every organization or combination thereof. In the form of a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, unincorporated association or otherwise.

FINAL ORDER means any order:

1. Issued by the code enforcement board following a hearing in accordance with the adopting ordinance;

- 2. Created because a violator neither paid nor contested the citation within seven (7) days as provided in the adopting ordinance; or
- 3. Created because a violator failed to appear at a hearing the violator requested to contest the citation as provided in the adopting ordinance.

FIRE CODE - The Kentucky Building Code, as adopted by the City in §150.15 of the Walton Code of Ordinances and all Codes and Standards as referenced therein along with the Kentucky Standards of Safety.

FOWL - The word "fowl" means any hen, rooster, chicken, duck, turkey, pheasant or any of several other, usually gallinaceous birds.

GARBAGE - The organic, animal, and vegetable waste resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking, and consumption of food or food products. Other general organic materials such as paper and cardboard are also garbage.

GRAFFITI - Any inscription, drawing or design that is scratched, painted, sprayed or placed on any surface of any structure without the consent or authority of the owner thereof, and which is within the view from any public property or right of way.

HEARING BOARD – The Walton Code Enforcement Board or the Union/Walton Joint Code Enforcement Board as established by ordinance and empowered to conduct hearings pursuant to KRS 65.8801 to KRS 65.8840.

IMMINENT DANGER - means a condition which is likely to cause serious or life-threatening injury or death at any time.

INOPERABLE MOTOR VEHICLE - The words "inoperable motor vehicle" mean a motor vehicle that is: unlicensed as required by KRS 186.020; is in a state of disrepair, caused by wreckage to the vehicle or disassembly; mechanically inoperable; or legally inoperable on public streets and highways.

LIVESTOCK- The word "livestock" means animals of the bovine, ovine, porcine, caprine, equine, camelide and cervid species, including, without limitation, horses, cattle, sheep, swine and goats. LOCAL GOVERNMENT - The City of Walton, Kentucky.

MARKER PEN - Any indelible marker or similar implement with a writing tip exceeding four millimeters in width that contains solution that cannot be removed with water after it dries.

MOTOR VEHICLE - a road vehicle powered by an internal combustion engine; an automobile licensed for operation on city streets.

NUISANCE CODE—This Ordinance and the provisions of the International Property Maintenance Code, published by the International Code Council, Inc. as amended from time to time, and all amendments thereto, which are hereby incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

OCCUPANT - Any person living, sleeping, cooking, or eating in, or having actual possession of a dwelling unit, rooming unit, building, or portion of a building.

OPEN BURNING FOR THE PURPOSE OF LAND CLEARING - means the burning of downed trees and other forms of vegetation that have been cut or knocked down for the purpose of clearing an area of land in excess of 200 square feet that may be used for future development.

OPERATOR - Any person who has charge, care, or control of a building, or part thereof, in which dwelling units or rooming units are let.

ORDINANCE - means an official action of the local government body, which is a regulation of a general and permanent nature and enforceable as a local law and shall include any provision of a code of ordinances adopted by the Walton City Council and the Fiscal Courts of Boone County and Kenton County.

ORDINARY PUBLIC VIEW – A sight line within normal visual range by a person on a public street or sidewalk adjacent to real property.

OVERGROWN GRASS - means any grass, weeds or non-decorative vegetation in excess of eight (8) inches in length, except in agricultural zones.

OWNER - The holder of the title in fee simple and any person, group of persons, company, association, or corporation in whose name tax bills on the property are submitted. "Owner" also means a person, association, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity having a legal or equitable title in real property. It shall also mean any person who, alone or jointly or severally with others:

- (1) Shall have legal title to any dwelling or dwelling unit, with or without accompanying actual possession thereof; or
- (2) Shall have charge, care, or control of any dwelling unit, as owner, executor, executrix, administrator, trustee, guardian of the estate of the owner, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, lessee, or other person, firm, or corporation in control of a building, or their duly authorized agents. Any such person thus representing the actual owner shall be bound to comply with the provisions of this chapter, and of rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, to the same extent as if he or she were the owner. It is his or her responsibility to notify the actual owner of the reported infractions of these regulations pertaining to the property.

PARTS CAR – An automobile that is not intended to be operated along streets and roads, but is used to provide parts for the restoration of automobiles.

PERSON - Any individual, firm, corporation, limited liability company, association, or partnership.

PLUMBING - The practice, materials, and fixtures used in the installation, maintenance, extension, and alteration of all piping, fixtures, appliances, and appurtenances in connection with any of the following: sanitary drainage or storm draining facilities, the venting system, and the public or private water supply systems, within or adjacent to any building, structure, or conveyance; also the practice and materials used in the installation, maintenance, extension, or alteration of storm water, liquid waste, or sewerage, and water-supply systems of any premises to their connection with any point of public disposal or other acceptable terminal.

PREMISES - A lot, plot, or parcel of land including the buildings or structures thereon.

PUBLIC AREA - Unoccupied open space that is not privately owned, including but not limited to publicly owned property, sidewalks, streets, and rights-of-way.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE - The words "recreational vehicle" have the same meaning provided for them in KRS 227.550(12).

REQUIRED - Means required by some provision of this Code or other law or regulation.

RUBBISH - Combustible and non-combustible waste materials, except garbage. The term shall include but not be limited to abandoned, discarded, or unused objects placed outside of a structure, such

as furniture, stoves, refrigerators, freezers, washers, dryers, clothes, food, cans, containers, paper, rags, cartons, boxes, wood, excelsior, rubber, leather, synthetic materials, tree branches, yard trimmings, tin cans, metal, mineral matter, glass crockery and dust. The term shall also include the residue from the burning of wood, coal, coke, synthetic material, or other combustible material.

STAGNANT WATER - A body of water without wind, waves, fish, or frogs, including but not limited to stagnant water in natural ponds, ornamental ponds, old tires, poorly maintained pools, rain barrels, clogged gutters, and other places where standing water may collect.

STAIRWAY - One or more flight of stairs and the necessary landings and platforms connecting them, to form a continuous and uninterrupted passage from one story to another in a building or structure.

STRUCTURE - An edifice, cellar, building of any kind, or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner. The term "structure" shall be construed as if followed by the words, "or any part thereof."

YARD - An open unoccupied space on the same lot with building extending along the entire length of a street, or rear or interior lot line. This term also applies to an adjoining unoccupied parcel or lot that is used by a principal occupied lot as a yard.

## 92A.11 - NUISANCES DESCRIBED AND PROHIBITED

The following acts, action, inaction, omissions, behavior, or conditions shall constitute a public nuisance:

- (1) No person shall act, fail to act, behave, erect, contrive, cause, continue, maintain in any manner, or permit to exist any public nuisance within the City. Repeated violation of the terms of the International Property Maintenance code, as amended, shall constitute a public nuisance.
- (2) Any act, thing, occupation, condition, use of property, non-use of property, misuse of property that continues for a length of time so as to:
  - (a) Substantially annoy, injure, or endanger the comfort, health, repose or safety of the public;
- (b) In any way render the public insecure in life, peaceful uninterrupted existence, or in the use of their property;
  - (c) Offend the public morals or decency;
- (d) Unlawfully and substantially interfere with, obstruct or tend to obstruct, or render dangerous for passage any street, alley, highway, navigable body of water, or other public way, including but not limited to sidewalks.
- (3) To allow any physical condition, use, or occupancy of any premises or its appurtenances be an attractive nuisance to children, including, but not limited to, abandoned wells, shafts, standing pools of water or liquid, basements, excavations, retaining walls, and unsafe fences, accessible to children or other persons, on the premises. No person shall abandon or leave unattended in any place accessible to children any refrigerator, freezer ice chest, ice box, or similar airtight box or container, which has a locking device inoperable from within, without first unhinging and removing the door or lid thereof or detaching the locking device from the door or lid. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the normal use of any refrigerator, ice box, freezer, or similar appliance for the storage of food in any home or buildings appurtenant thereto.
- (4) For any premises to have unsanitary, defective, or insufficient sewage or plumbing facilities.
  - (5) To keep or maintain any premises designated by a Code Enforcement Officer as unsafe or

unfit for human habitation.

- (6) For any premises to present an imminent fire hazard, be in imminent danger of collapse, or to be unsafe or unsecure so as to endanger life, limb, or property.
- (7) (a) For any premises to lack electrical service, plumbing, heating, and/or other equipment required by this Code, the International Property Maintenance Code, the Kentucky Building Code, state statutes and regulations, or any other ordinance of the City.
- (b) If the utility providing natural gas service to a furnace, water heater, or other equipment determines that the equipment is defective, the utility shall cite or "red tag" the defective equipment and notify the Code Enforcement Officer of such citation. Any equipment so cited by a utility company as defective will be deemed a public nuisance.
- (8) For any structure or building to be in a state of dilapidation, deterioration, or decay, or be a product of faulty construction.
- (9) For any structure or building to be vacant or abandoned and open or accessible to vagrants or passersby, or damaged by fire so as to not provide shelter.
- (10) To allow on any premises or structure any stagnant water in which mosquitoes, flies, or other insects may breed or multiply. For stagnant water that cannot be easily eliminated, a property owner may use mosquito dunks or other environmentally safe larvacides to kill mosquitoes and other insects and evidence of the effective use of such products will constitute a defense to any citation issued under this section.
  - (11) To allow any rubbish to remain on any premises.
- (12) To allow any premises or structure to pollute any public well or cistern, stream, lake, canal, or body of water by sewage, creamery, or industrial wastes or other polluting substances.
- (13) To allow any premises or structure within the county, to emit or cause any foul, offensive, noisome, nauseous, noxious, or disagreeable odors, effluvia or stenches repulsive to the physical senses of ordinary persons, or that annoy, cause discomfort, or injure the health of any appreciable number of persons within the county.
- (14) Harboring or keeping any canine or hybrid canine outside in a residential neighborhood which by loud and frequent or habitual barking, howling, or yelping, shall cause serious annoyance or disturbance to adjacent residents in the neighborhood.
- (15) The keeping of cattle, horses, chickens and other barn type animals shall be prohibited in any non-agricultural zoned area within the City.
  - (16) Emission of noxious odors or smoke into the surrounding atmosphere of dust, smoke, or other matter which renders ordinary use or physical occupation of other property in the vicinity uncomfortable or impossible.
  - (18) Storage of explosives or combustible material. The storage of combustible or explosive material which creates a safety hazard to other property or persons in the vicinity.
  - (19) Any tree, stack of wood or trees, or other object standing in such a condition that it will, if the condition is allowed to continue, endanger the life, limb, or property of, or cause hurt, damage, or injury to persons or property upon the public streets or public ways adjacent thereto, by the falling thereof or of parts thereof.
    - (20) The operation of any ATV and/or dirt bikes within the city on any day, before 8:00 a.m. or

after 10:00 p.m., prevailing time without the muffler system provided by the manufacturer of the ATV and/or dirt bikes as provided by the manufacturer, without any modification thereof other than like kind parts replacement, and which prevents the emission of sound from the ATV and/or dirt bikes in excess of the levels identified in 40 CFR 205.166 for motorcycles; or at any speed in excess of the minimum speed required to maintain the forward motion of the ATV and/or dirt bikes while it is within 150 feet of any dwelling on a lot or parcel of real estate other than that upon which the ATV and/or dirt bikes are being operated.

- (21) Any outdoor fire except that of candles, torches, grills, and properly positioned and maintained fire pits, with a fuel load of paper, firewood, charcoal, propane or natural gas and no more than twenty-four (24) square feet in area. Open burning of trees and all forms of vegetation for the purpose of land clearing is prohibited. The burning of trash is also prohibited. Burn permits from the Walton Fire Protection District are not required for the type of fires defined in this Chapter.
  - (22) To allow any motor vehicle to be parked on an unpaved surface.

#### 92A.12 - SIGNS

- A. (1) With the exception of government signs as described in Section 3401 of the Boone County Zoning Regulations, no signs shall be placed upon property owned by the City of Walton without first obtaining a permit from the City of Walton to display such sign.
- (2) In order to ensure safety and to allow for an unobstructed view for motorists and bicyclists, no sign shall be placed within 15 feet of the pavement of any road and/or street located in the City limits of Walton.

#### **B. COMMERCIAL SIGNS**

All commercial signs shall be in a condition of good repair, and in a clean, neat and safe and functional condition in compliance with all applicable laws, including, without limitation, all building and property maintenance codes.

#### 92A.13 - BUILDINGS

It shall be a public nuisance and a violation of this Code, to keep, maintain, or own a dangerous building within the City. A dangerous building is defined as any of the following:

- (1) (a) A building whose interior or exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean, or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity falls outside the middle third of its base;
- (b) A building, exclusive of the foundation, that shows 33% or more damage or deterioration to its supporting members, or 50% or more damage or deterioration to its non-supporting members, or to the enclosing or outside walls or coverings;
- (c) A building having improperly distributed loads on the floors or roofs or in which the same are overloaded, or which have insufficient strength to be reasonably safe to occupants or the public;
- (d) A building damaged by fire, wind, or other causes so as to cause the building to become dangerous to life, limb, or property of the occupants or to the public;
- (e) A building that has become or is so dilapidated, decayed, unsafe, unsanitary, or which so utterly fails to provide the amenities essential to decent living that it is unfit for human habitation, or is likely to cause sickness or disease or injury to health, safety, or general welfare of those living therein;

- (f) A building having light, air, and sanitation facilities that are inadequate to protect the health, safety, or general welfare of human beings who live or may live therein;
- (g) A building having inadequate facilities for egress in case of fire or panic or having insufficient stairways, elevators, fire escapes, or other means of travel;
- (h) A building that has parts or elements that are attached or not attached in such a way that they may fall and cause injury to persons or property;
- (i) A building that is missing or has nonfunctioning smoke detectors or similar detection devices in violation of the Fire Code; or
- (j) A building with openings where a door, window or other architectural feature, or parts thereof, should be located.
- (2) Every person owning or having control of a building shall not allow unsecure openings where a door, window or other architectural feature should be located.
- (a) The City shall be authorized to abate the nuisance of an unsecured opening, and may effectuate securing the opening pursuant to the applicable code upon recommendation of a Code Enforcement Officer.
- (b) The nuisance of an opening where a door, window or other architectural feature should be located may be securely boarded by using a minimum of 3/8 inch plywood or other similar material in a manner that will secure the building from intrusion.
- (c) Any board placed on a building shall be painted a color that is consistent with the color of the structure or be painted black, and shall be cut to fit the opening.
- (3) Every person violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to the procedures set forth in the Code.
- (4) Keeping, maintaining, or owning a dangerous building is a public nuisance and shall constitute a violation of this Code, subject to the remedies set forth in this Code.

## 92A.14 - GRAFFITI

Graffiti is prohibited and deemed to be a public nuisance. It shall be unlawful to spray, draw, etch, carve or otherwise create graffiti on any building or structure in the City. If a private property owner fails to abate a graffiti nuisance violation after notice is given by the Code Enforcement Officer, the City may abate the graffiti and place a lien for the cost of abatement against the real property of the owner of said premises, building, or structure.

#### 92A.15 - DISTURBING AND UNNECESSARY NOISES

The following acts are declared to be loud, disturbing and unnecessary noises in violation of this chapter, but said enumerations shall not be deemed to be exclusive, namely:

- A. Horns, Signaling Devices and the like. The sounding of any horn on any automobile, motorcycle, or other motor vehicle on any street or public place of the city, except as a danger warning signal; the creation by means of any such signaling device of any unreasonably loud or harsh sound; and the sounding of any such device for an unnecessary and unreasonable period of time.
- B. Radios, Phonographs, and the like. The using, operating, or permitting to be played, used or operated any radio, stereo, television, musical instrument, phonograph, or other machine or device for the producing or reproducing of sound in such manner as to disturb the peace, quiet and comfort of the neighboring inhabitants or at any time with louder volume than is necessary for convenient hearing for

the person or persons who are in the room, vehicle, or chamber in which such machine or device is operated and who are voluntary listeners thereto. The operation of any such set, instrument, phonograph, machine or device in such a manner as to be plainly audible at a distance of fifty (50) feet from the location thereof shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

- C. Loud speakers, amplifiers for advertising. The using, operating or permitting to be played, used or operated or any radio receiving set, musical instrument, phonograph, loudspeaker, sound amplifier or other machine or device for the producing or reproducing of sound which is upon the public streets for the purpose of commercial advertising or attracting the attention of the public to any building or structure, unless the permit for such amplification has been obtained from the Mayor or City Clerk.
- D. Yelling, Shouting, and the like. Yelling, shouting, hooting, whistling or singing at anv time or place so as to annoy or disturb the quiet, comfort, or repose of any persons in the vicinity.
- E. Animals, Birds, and the like. The keeping of any animal or bird which by causing frequent or long continued noise shall disturb the comfort or repose of any persons in the vicinity.
- F. Operation of Equipment. The operating of any equipment or the performing of any outside construction or repair work on buildings, structures, roads, or projects within the City between the hours of 10:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. unless a permit for such construction or repair work between such hours has been obtained from the Mayor or City Clerk.
- G. Exhausts. The discharging into the open air of the exhaust of internal combustion engine, motorboat, or motor vehicle except through a muffler or other device which will effectively prevent loud or explosive noises therefrom. Exhaust noise which is plainly audible at a distance of one hundred (100) feet from the location thereof shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.
- H. Repairing, Rebuilding, or Testing of Motor Vehicles. The repairing, rebuilding, or testing of any motor vehicle between the hours of 10:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. within any residential area in such a manner as to disturb the peace, quiet and comfort of the residents in the area.
- I. Construction and Repair on Real Estate/Structures. The construction, repair or any other work on any real estate and/or structures located within the city limits between the hours of 10:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M. within any residential area in such a manner as to disturb the peace, quiet, and comfort of the residents of the area.
- J. Defect in Vehicle or Load. The use of any automobile, motorcycle, or vehicle so out of repair, or so loaded or in any such manner as to emit grinding, rattling, or other noise.
- K. Schools, Courts, Churches, Hospitals. The creating of any excessive noise on any street adjacent to any school, institution of learning, church or court while the same are in use, or adjacent to any hospital, which unreasonably interferes with the workings of such institution, or which disturbs or unduly annoys patients in the hospital, provided conspicuous signs are displayed on such streets indicating that same is a school, hospital, court, or church street.
- L. The use of any mechanical devices operated by containing the engine's compression and used for purposes of assisting braking on any semi-tractor or other large truck, commonly known as "jake brakes," except in emergency circumstances. The City Council shall cause notices to be posted and/or erect signs indicating such prohibition.

## 92A.16 - Exceptions.

The following activities and uses shall be exempt from the noise regulations set forth in this chapter:

A. Noises of safety signals and warning devices;

- B. Noises resulting from any authorized emergency vehicle, when responding to an emergency call or acting in times of emergency.
- C. Noises resulting from emergency work, to be construed as work necessary to restore property to a safe condition following a public calamity, or work required to protect persons or property from imminent exposure to danger;
  - D. Noises resulting from the discharge of firearms during daylight hours; and
- E. Noises resulting from garbage/trash removal provided under contract with the City, as long as the service provided is operating under the time periods provided by such contract.

## 92A.17 - VEHICLES

It shall be unlawful to allow junked or wrecked vehicles, machines, scrap, salvage materials, mobile or manufactured homes to exist on real property in the City not within a duly licensed salvage yard pursuant to KRS 177.910 to KRS 177.950. Furthermore:

- (1) No inoperative or unlicensed motor vehicle shall be parked, kept or stored on any occupied or unoccupied premises and no vehicle shall at any time be in a state of major disassembly, disrepair, or in the process of being stripped or dismantled. Painting of vehicles is prohibited unless conducted inside an approved spray booth. Except as provided in section (2), it shall be unlawful for the owner, occupant, or person having control or management of any land within the city to permit a public nuisance, health hazard, or source of filth to develop thereon through the accumulation of:
- (a) One or more junked or wrecked automobiles, vehicles, machines or other similar scrap or salvage materials, excluding non-operative farm equipment; or
- (b) One or more mobile or manufactured homes, as defined in KRS 227.550, that are junked, wrecked, or non-operative and are not inhabited.
  - (2) The provisions of section (1) shall not apply to:
- (a) Junked, wrecked, or non-operative automobiles, vehicles, machines or other similar scrap or salvage materials located on the business premises of a licensed automotive recycling dealer as defined under the provisions of KRS 190.010(8);
- (b) Junked, wrecked or non-operative motor vehicles, including parts cars, stored on private real property by automobile collectors, whether as a hobby or a profession, if these motor vehicles and parts cars are stored out of ordinary public view by means of suitable fencing, trees, shrubbery or other means; and
- (c) Any motor vehicle as defined in KRS 281.011 that is owned, controlled, operated, managed or leased by a motor carrier.
- (d) A vehicle of any type is permitted to undergo major overhaul, including body work, provided that such work is performed inside a structure or similarly enclosed area designed and approved for such purposes.
- (3) The City may take action to abate the nuisances referenced in this section by giving notice to the property owner of the nuisance pursuant to the procedures set forth in the code. The City itself may abate or remove a nuisance referenced under this section if the property owner fails to do so after notice is given regarding the nuisance. The City shall have a lien against the property for the reasonable value of labor and material used in remedying the nuisance including but not limited to the cost of towing, holding, storage and disposal. An affidavit of a Code Enforcement Officer shall constitute prima facie evidence of the amount of the lien and the regularity of the proceedings pursuant to this section and it shall be

recorded in the office of the County Clerk. The lien shall be notice to all persons from the time of its recording and shall bear interest thereafter until paid. The lien created shall take precedence over all other subsequent liens, except state, county, school board, and the city taxes, and may be enforced by judicial proceeding.

- (4). In addition to the remedies prescribed above or any other remedy authorized by law, the owner of a property upon which a lien has been attached pursuant to this section shall be personally liable for the amount of the lien and the City may bring a civil action against the owner and shall have the same remedies as provided for the recovery of a debt owned.
- 92A.18 RUBBISH It shall be unlawful for any owner, occupant, person or corporation controlling or managing land in the City to permit a nuisance thereon through the accumulation of rubbish or excessive growth of weeds, grass and similar items.

#### 92A.19- LIENS

The City shall possess a lien on real property owned by the person found by a final order of the Code Enforcement Board, or by final judgment of a court, to have committed a violation of this ordinance in the amount of all fines assessed for the violation, for all charges, fees, and abatement costs incurred by the City in connection with the enforcement of the ordinance, and bear interest at the maximum rate allowed by law until paid in full. The lien shall be superior to and have priority over all other liens on the property, except state, county, school board, and city taxes. A person found to have committed a violation of this ordinance shall be personally liable for the amount of all fines assessed for the violation and for all charges and fees incurred by the City in connection with the enforcement of this ordinance.

#### 92A.20 - PUBLICATION

Anyone found in violation of this Ordinance may be listed on the City web site and/or published in the newspaper with their name and address as a nuisance violator.

#### 92A.99 - PENALTIES

Penalties for violations of this Ordinance shall be as set forth in Section 12 of City of Walton Ordinance 2016-10 and amendments thereto.

#### **SECTION TWO**

- (A) The following Ordinances are hereby repealed in their entirety:
  - (1) Ordinance 1984-29, enacted on December 3, 1984, regulating excessive, unnecessary or unusually loud noises;
  - (2) Ordinance 1994-16, enacted on November 14, 1994, relating to discarded items;
  - (3) Ordinance 2001-07, enacted on August 13, 2001, prohibiting the use of compression brakes;
  - (4) Ordinance 2002-07, enacted on July 8, 2002, declaring certain conditions a public nuisance; and

This Ordinance shall be effective when read, passed and published according to law.

## **SECTION FIVE**

This Ordinance may be published in summary pursuant to KRS 83A.060(9).

Passed and approved on First Reading by 3 members of City Council on the 13 th day of February , 2017.
Passed and approved on Second Reading by members of City Council on the
13 th day of March , 2017.
APPROVED:
MARK S. CARNAHAN, MAYOR
ATTEST:
JOYCE PRYAN, CITY CLERK
DATE OF PUBLICATION: March 33, 3017